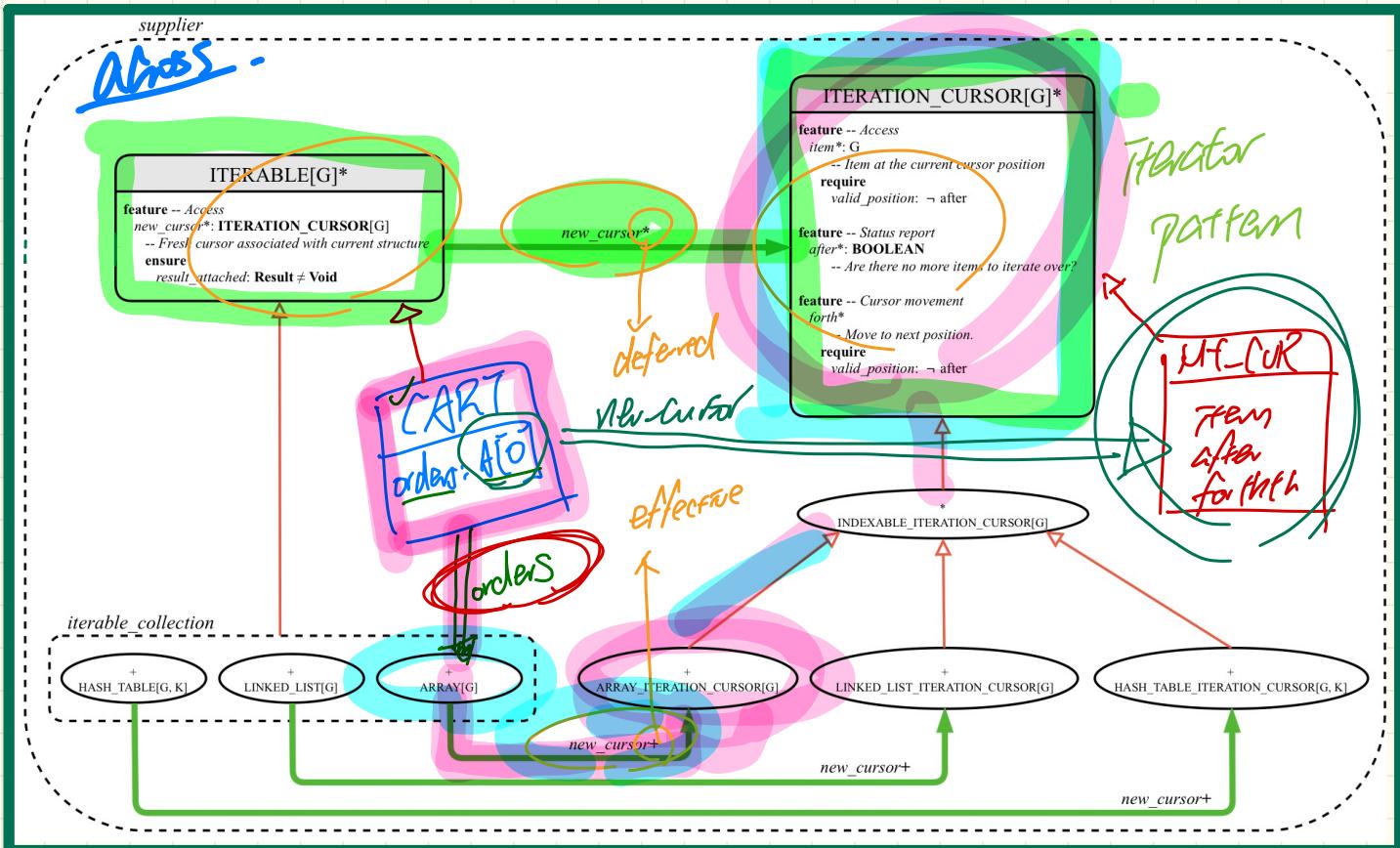


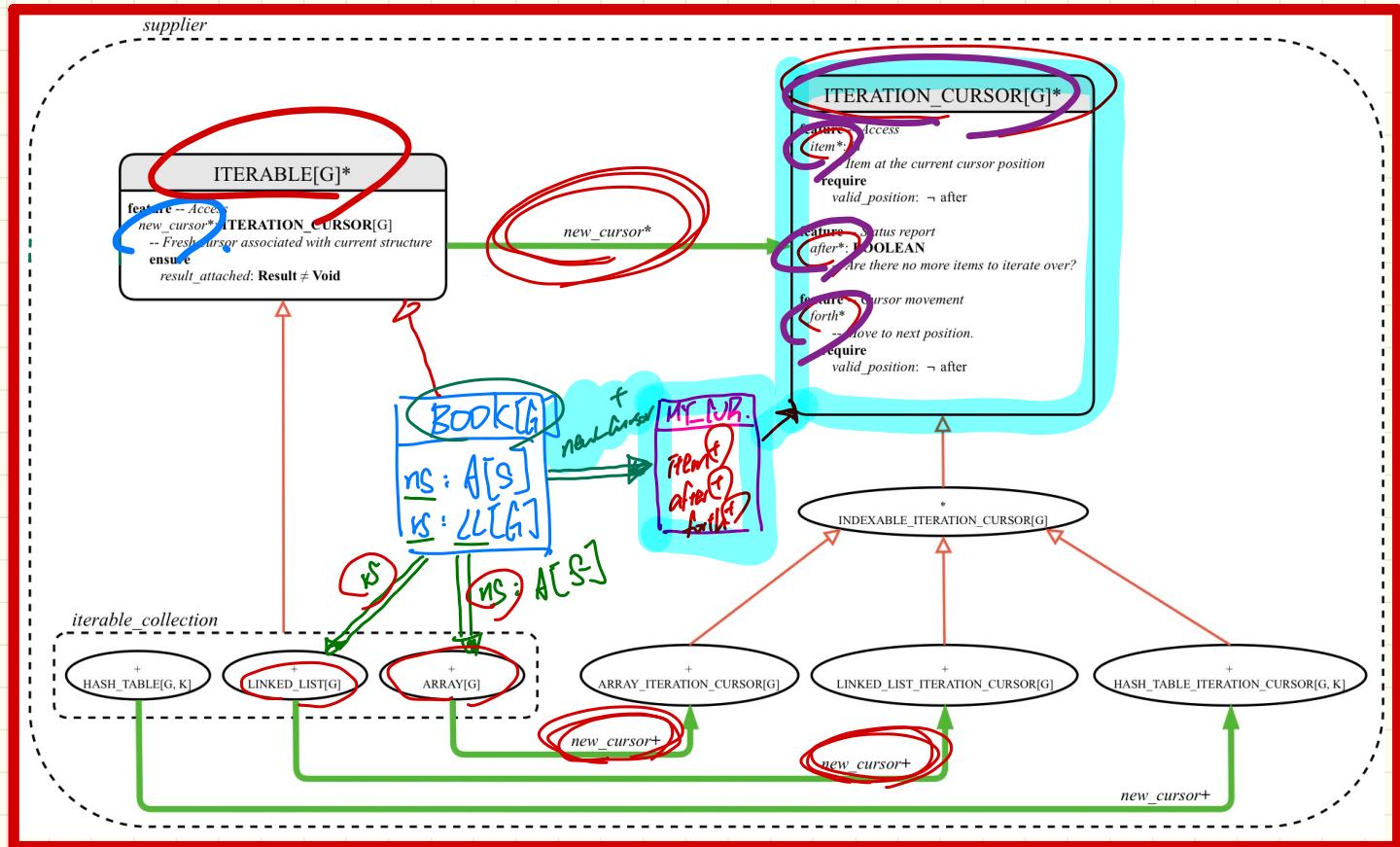
LECTURE 11

MONDAY FEBRUARY 10

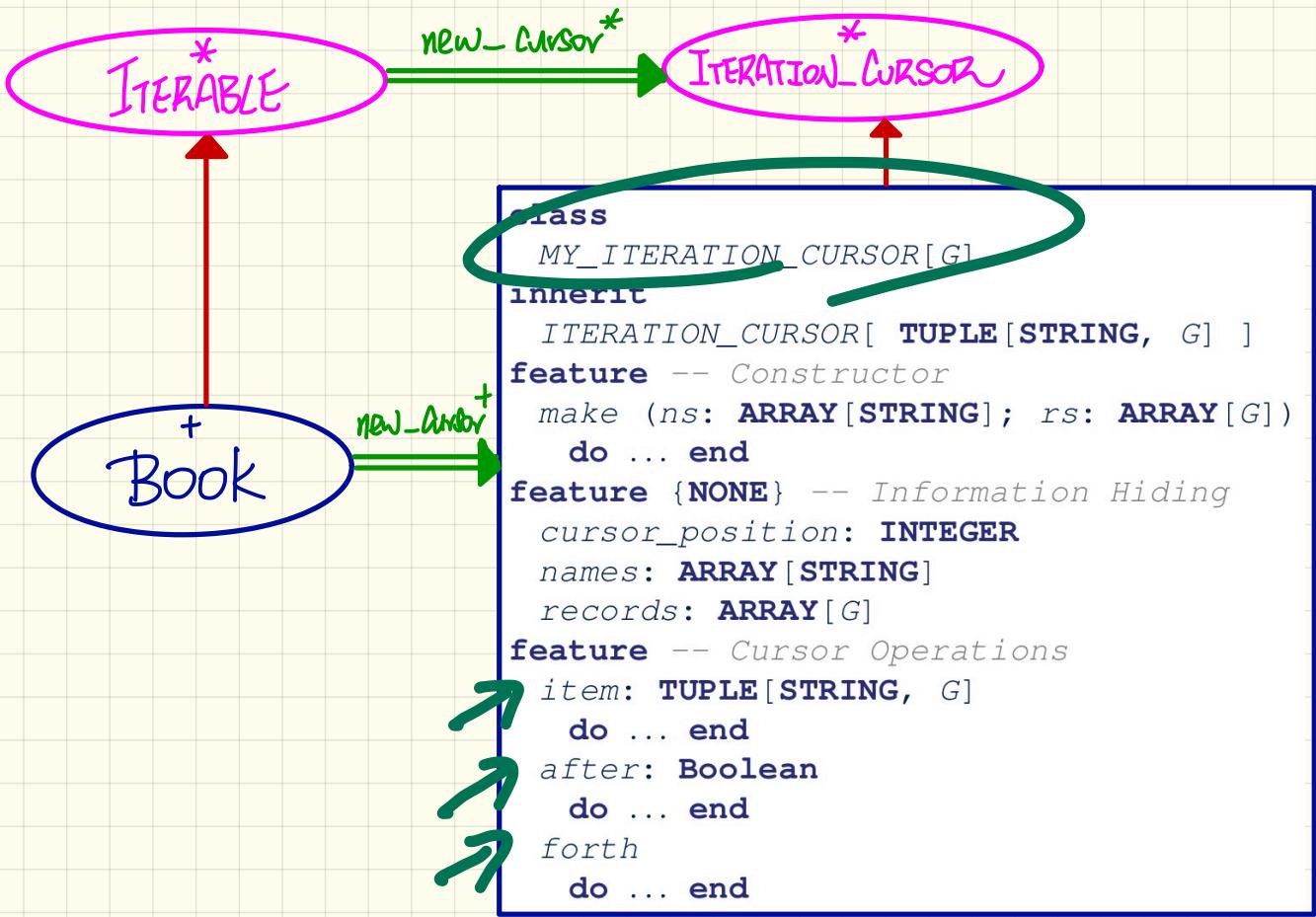
Implementing the Iterator Pattern: Easy Case



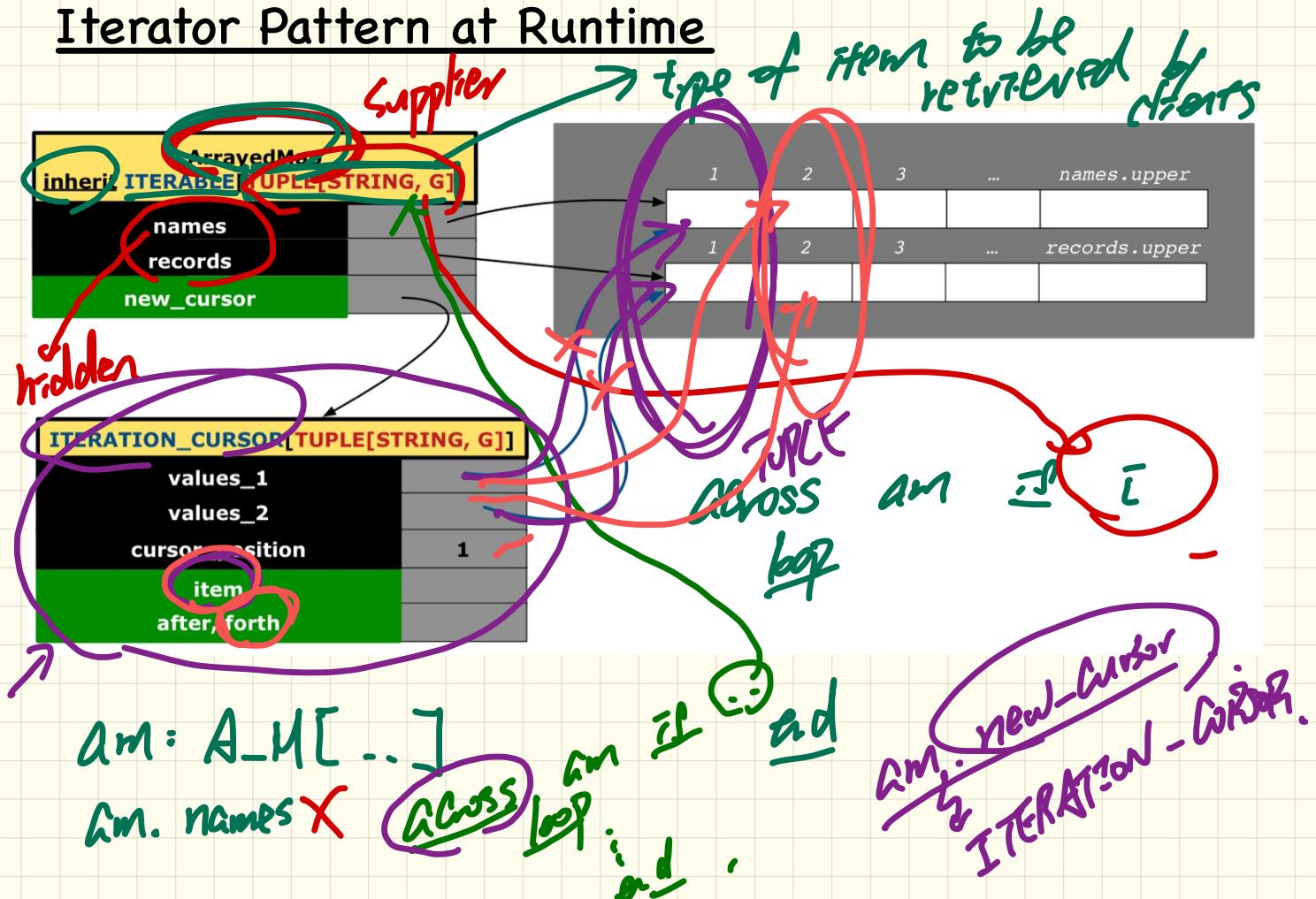
Implementing the Iterator Pattern: Hard Case



Implementing the Iterator Pattern: Hard Case



Iterator Pattern at Runtime



Use of Iterable in Contracts

```
class CHECKER
feature
    attributes
        collection: ITERABLE [INTEGER]
    feature
        -- Queries
        is_all_positive: BOOLEAN
            -- Are all items in collection positive?
            do
                ...
            ensure
                across
                    collection is item
                    all
                        item > 0
                    end
                end
```

INTERFACE TYPE
↳ Dynamic

type of
collection
be any class
be any descendant
of ITER.

```
class BANK
    ...
    accounts: LIST [ACCOUNT]
    binary_search (acc_id: INTEGER): ACCOUNT
        -- Search on accounts sorted in non-descending order.
        require
            across
                1 | ... | (accounts.count - 1) is i
                all
                    accounts[i].id <= accounts [i + 1].id
                end
            do
                ...
            ensure
                Result.id = acc_id
            end
```

Collection: ARRAY ([I]).

Client -

collection

ITERABLE

ARRAYS

LIST

Collection

STRINGS

empty

static type

STRINGS

Collection. Count

X
TS

IITER.
R R
AC Create

latch
A C

loop

end

ACROSS

loop

end

Collection[i]
Collection. From(i)

[]

[]

t

away.

Linear

-

1st []

Use of Iterable in Contracts: Exercise

```
class BANK
...
accounts: LIST [ACCOUNT]
contains_duplicate: BOOLEAN
    -- Does the account list contain duplicate?
do
...
ensure
     $\forall i, j : \text{INTEGER} \mid$ 
     $1 \leq i \leq \text{accounts.count} \wedge 1 \leq j \leq \text{accounts.count}$ 
     $\text{accounts}[i] \sim \text{accounts}[j] \Rightarrow i = j$ 
end
```

cannot be ITERABLE

! we want to
refer to
positions.

Across | |..| accounts.Count IS i, j - single
dim. var -

each across
can only be
bound to
 i, j

Use of Iterable in Implementation (1)

col. new-cursor.

```

class BANK
  accounts: ITERABLE[ACCOUNT]
  max_balance: ACCOUNT
    -- Account with the maximum balance value.

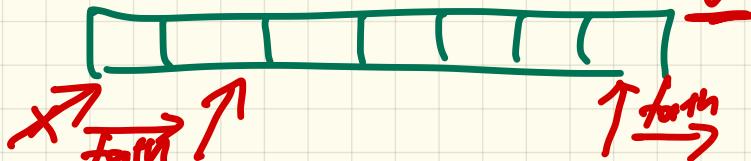
  require ???
  local
    cursor: ITERATION_CURSOR[ACCOUNT]; max: ACCOUNT
  do
    from max := accounts[1] cursor := accounts.new_cursor
    until cursor.after
    do
      if cursor.item.balance > max.balance then
        max := cursor.item
      end
      cursor.forth
    end
  ensure ???
  end

```

Annotations:

- accounts: ITERABLE[ACCOUNT] is circled in green with a red arrow pointing to it.
- new_cursor is circled in yellow with a red arrow pointing to it.
- cursor.start is circled in yellow with a red arrow pointing to it.
- cursor.item is circled in yellow with a red arrow pointing to it.
- cursor.forth is circled in yellow with a red arrow pointing to it.
- max := accounts[1] is circled in green with a red arrow pointing to it.
- cursor := accounts.new_cursor is circled in green with a red arrow pointing to it.
- cursor.start X is annotated with a green arrow pointing to the start of the cursor loop.
- not necessary is written in red next to the cursor.start annotation.
- without this line. => inf. loop is written in red next to the cursor.forth annotation.

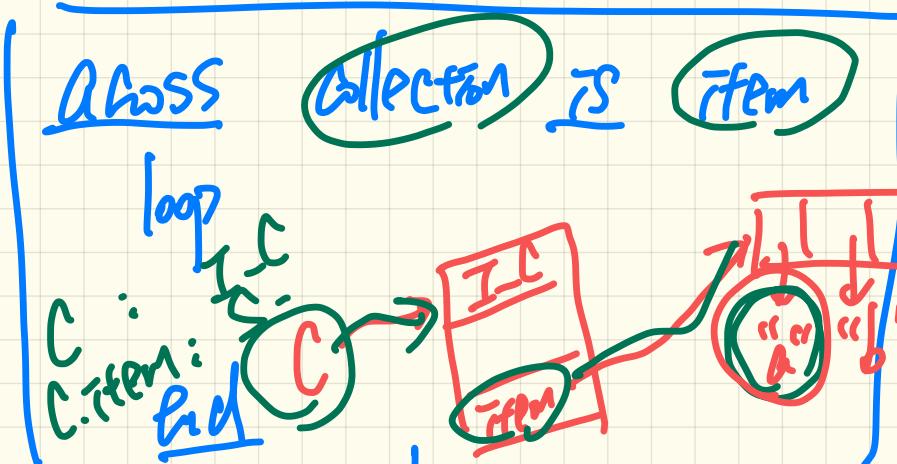
set the
curr. to
beginning pos.
not necessary.



Collection : ITERABLE[S]

local

C : I-C[S]



from
C : I-C[S]

while
C.item : pick

loop

Across loop

C.item : pick -> C.Forth -> C.Forth

Collection AS C

I-C[S]

end

Use of Iterable in Implementation (2)

```
class SHOP
  cart: CART → I.
  checkout: INTEGER
    -- Total price calculated based on orders in the cart.

  require ???
  do
    across
      cart is order
    loop
    Result := Result + order.price * order.quantity
  end
  ensure ???
end
```

```
class BANK
  accounts: ITERABLE [ACCOUNT]
  max_balance: ACCOUNT
    -- Account with the maximum balance value.

  require ???
  local
    max: ACCOUNT
  do
    max := accounts [1]
    across
      accounts is acc
    loop
    if acc.balance > max.balance then
      max := acc
    end
    end
  ensure ???
end
```

Exercise 1

```
test_database: BOOLEAN
local
  db: DATABASE[STRING, INTEGER]
  tuples: LINKED_LIST[TUPLE[INTEGER, STRING]]
do
  create db.make
  create tuples.make
  across
    db is t
  loop
    tuples.extend (t)
  end
end
```

qp +

```
class
  DATABASE[G, H]
inherit
  ITERABLE[  ]
feature {NONE} -- Implementation
  gs: ARRAY[G]
  hs: ARRAY[H]
feature -- Iterable
  new_cursor: ITERATION_CURSOR[  ]
  local
    db_cursor: ITEM_ITERATION_CURSOR[H, G]
  do
    create db_cursor.make (  )
    Result := db_cursor
  end
end
```

```
deferred class
  ITERABLE [G]
feature -- Access
  new_cursor: ITERATION_CURSOR [G]
  deferred end
end
```

new_cursor*

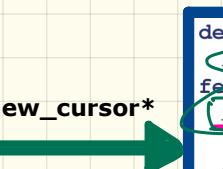
```
deferred class
  ITERATION_CURSOR [G]
feature -- Cursor features
  item: G
  deferred end
  after: BOOLEAN
  deferred end
  forth
  deferred end
```

new_cursor+

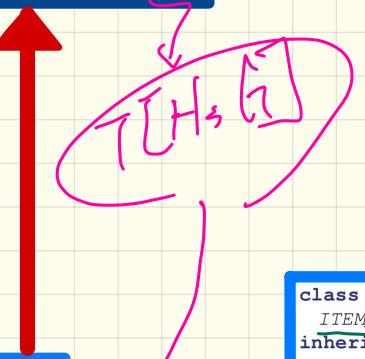
```
class
  ITEM_ITERATION_CURSOR[M, N]
inherit
  ITERATION_CURSOR[  ]
create
  make
feature {NONE} -- Implementation
  ms: ARRAY[M]
  ns: ARRAY[N]
feature -- Constructor
  make (new_ns: ARRAY[N]; new_ms: ARRAY[M])
    do ... end
feature -- Cursor features
  item:   
    do ... end
  after: BOOLEAN
    do ... end
  forth
    do ... end
end
```

Exercise 1

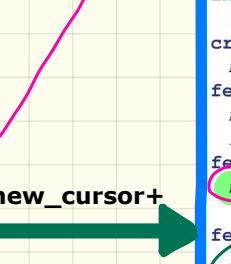
```
deferred class  
ITERABLE [ ] 2.4 T[H, G]  
feature -- Access  
    new_cursor: ITERATION_CURSOR [ ]  
    deferred end  
end
```

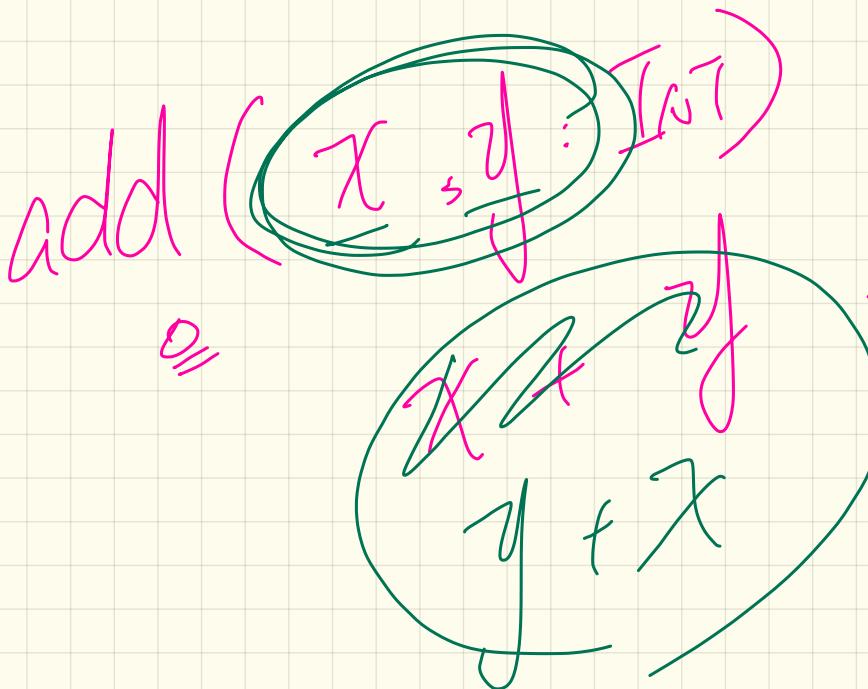
```
new_cursor*   
deferred class T[H, G] 3.5  
ITERATION_CURSOR  
feature -- Cursor features  
    item: TUPLE [H, G] 3.4 TUPLE[H, G]  
    deferred end  
  
after: BOOLEAN  
deferred end  
  
forth  
deferred end
```

```
test_database: BOOLEAN  
local  
    db: DATABASE [STRING, INTEGER] 1.1  
    tuples: LINKED_LIST [TUPLE [INTEGER, STRING]] 2.2  
do  
    create db.make  
    create tuples.make  
    across db do 2.1  
    loop  
    tuples.extend ( )  
end  
end
```

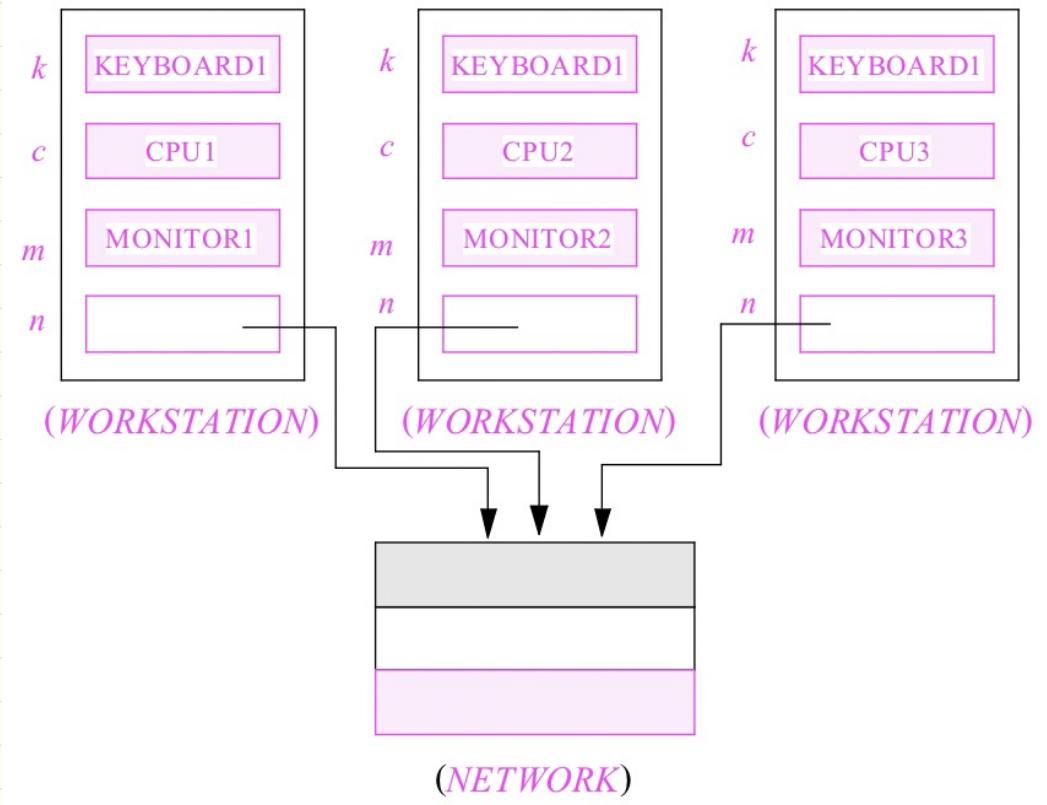


```
class  
DATABASE [G, H] 1.2  
inherit  
ITERABLE [TUPLE [H, G]] 2.3 T[INT, STR]  
feature {NONE} -- Implementation  
    gs: ARRAY [G]  
    hs: ARRAY [H]  
feature -- Iterable  
    new_cursor: ITERATION_CURSOR [TUPLE [H, G]]  
    local  
        db_cursor: ITEM_ITERATION_CURSOR [H, G] 3.1  
    do  
        create db_cursor make (gs, hs) 3.2  
        Result := db_cursor  
    end  
end
```

```
new_cursor+   
3.1 H, G 3.6 H, G  
class  
ITEM_ITERATION_CURSOR [M, N] 4.1  
inherit  
ITERATION_CURSOR [TUPLE [M, N]]  
create  
make  
feature {NONE} -- Implementation  
    ms: ARRAY [M]  
    ns: ARRAY [N]  
feature -- Constructor  
    make (new_ns: ARRAY [N], new_ms: ARRAY [M])  
    do ... end  
feature -- Cursor features  
    item: TUPLE [M, N] 3.3  
    do ... end  
  
after: BOOLEAN  
do ... end  
  
forth  
do ... end  
end
```



Modelling: Aggregation vs. Composition



Expanded Type for Composition

```
class KEYBOARD ... end class CPU ... end  
class MONITOR ... end class NETWORK ... end  
class WORKSTATION  
k: expanded KEYBOARD  
c: expanded CPU  
m: expanded MONITOR  
n: NETWORK  
end
```

```
expanded class KEYBOARD ... end  
expanded class CPU ... end  
expanded class MONITOR ... end  
class NETWORK ... end  
class WORKSTATION  
k: KEYBOARD  
c: CPU  
m: MONITOR  
n: NETWORK  
end
```

change:
monitor may be
shared